

NEW ITALIAN DRIVE MAY END AUSTRIA

If the new Italian offensive developments into a victorious major operation, military men here say it should just about "put the finishing touches" on Austria.

The offensive is in the nature of a "claw" movement against Austria—once taken is the armies fighting against Bulgaria, the other is the Italian offensive. That this offensive had not been developed sooner has occasioned some surprise among authorities here.

General Scriven, War Department observer in Italy and the Balkans, is understood to have favored development of this offensive, and he has had a following among other officers. Some, however, always have been skeptical about the Italian situation in view of the nature of the terrain and the extreme difficulties involved in any major operation.

The present operation appears to have been started under somewhat weather conditions. However, the first reports show that the Italian, French and British troops made progress, and took a fair haul of prisoners.

As viewed here, the operation must be fought by Austrians alone, for Germany is in no position to withdraw reserves from the west front. And Austrian morale at the present time is at its lowest ebb. Hence, if this operation develops into a real serious reverse for Austria, it should prove to be the last straw for the tottering dual monarchy, military men say.

The operation has not yet developed sufficiently far, however, to make predictions as to its outcome safe.

MEN IN SERVICE TO GET COMMISSIONS

The War Department plans to select, as far as possible, the commissioned personnel of the army from the men in the service, according to a ruling made public.

All men in the service qualified for general military service who aspire to commissions will be given an opportunity to prove their worth in the officers' training schools. Men qualified for special work in the staff corps, but not physically fit for duty in the field, may be commissioned if the chiefs of the sections waive the physical disabilities of the candidate.

This ruling will permit the transfer to field service of many men now engaged in special work in the army bureaus in Washington. It is hoped that by the first of the year all officers physically fit for service abroad can be relieved from what has become known as "twivel chair" or "home guard" positions.

G. W. U. HOUSES CADETS

George Washington University has arranged for the temporary housing of 200 members of its Students' Army Training Corps unit in the War Camp Community Service's club house for girl war workers, located at Seventeenth and H streets northwest. The student soldiers already have entered their quarters.

About a month ago the university took over the Mary Apartment House, Nineteenth and G streets northwest, but the temporary conversion of this new building into an influenza hospital has delayed occupation.

The remaining 400 members of the unit will be housed in a building in Pennsylvania avenue northwest, between Seventeenth and Eighteenth streets, recently acquired by the university, and if necessary, in the National College of Pharmacy building, 805 I street northwest.

AMUSEMENTS

Saturday, October 26th Special River Trip to MOUNT VERNON

Home and Tomb of Gen. Washington Steamer CHAS. MACALESTER Leaves 7th St. Wharf at 10 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 26

Sunday, Oct. 27 40-MILE RIVER TRIP Steamer Charles Macalester

Steamer leaves 7th street wharf at 12:30 p. m., returning at 7 p. m. Passes U. S. Arsenal, Alexandria, Fort Lee, Fort Washington, Fort Hunt, Mount Vernon, Camp Humphreys, Indian Head.

50c Round Trip Note—Steamer stops at Marshall Hall and Camp Humphreys.

EXCURSIONS

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BLUEMONT, VA.

In the Picturesque Blue Ridge Mountains of Virginia Altitude 1,500 Feet

Sunday Excursions

ROUND TRIP including war tax. \$1.25 Children, half fare.

Electric trains leave Terminal, 36th and M st. N. W., 8:30 and 9:50 a. m., and 2 p. m. Leaves Bluemont at 3:14, 5:40 and 7:35 p. m.

No Dust—No Dirt—No Cinders Washington and Old Dominion Railway

D. C. AVIATOR DIES IN ACTION; SISTER HONORED AS NURSE



MRS. HORACE ALLEN, Former Washington girl, and now a member of the American Ambulance Hospital, decorated by the French government for "devotion and bravery under fire."

The brother killed while fighting the Germans in the air, the sister decorated for bravery while serving as a nurse behind the front lines.

This is the dual honor that has come in cable messages to Franklin Steele, a retired wealthy resident of Washington, concerning his two grandchildren, Lieut. Edward Claypool Gwynne, an American aviator, and Gwynne's sister, Mrs. Horace Allen, well-known in Washington society.

Mr. Steele, whose home is at 1326 Eighteenth street northwest, has just received a cablegram telling briefly the news that Lieutenant Gwynne, a former Washington school boy, was killed in action on the western front last Saturday.

Shortly before this cablegram was received Mr. Steele received word that Mrs. Allen had been decorated by the French government "for devotion and bravery under fire" while serving with the American Ambulance Hospital at Noye. Mrs. Allen attended a private school for girls here while Lieutenant Gwynne was attending the Cathedral School with his twin brother, Lieut. Erskine Gwynne, of the French artillery. Their mother, Mrs. E. E. Gwynne, has been living at Severn, near Paris, for the past ten years, but has made frequent trips to Washington. She recently turned her home into a hospital for American wounded.

The twin brothers were born in Paris, twenty years ago, and were educated in Washington, England, and France. Upon the outbreak of the war, Mr. Gwynne and her sons came to this city, but soon left for England, where they worked in the munition plant at the Uppingham School.

In the fall of 1915, they returned to Paris. In 1917 young Edward joined the American aviation. His brother, Erskine, enlisted in the American forces, became a sergeant and later was honorably discharged. He later received a commission in the French army.

The grandfather, Franklin Steele, has been a resident of Washington forty years. He is a member of the Metropolitan Club.

68 RUSS HOSTAGES SLAIN

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 26.—From the time that Moses Uritsky, commissioner for elections to the constituent assembly of Russia, was assassinated last August up to October 1, sixty-eight hostages, including five priests, were shot by the Bolsheviks, according to Petrograd dispatches.

EXPLORER FINDS NEW INDIAN TRIBE

Discovery of a new tribe of Indians and three series of waterfalls in the uncharted slivas of southwestern Venezuela by Theodor de Hoy, the explorer, has been announced here. The discoveries were made in the Sierra de Perija region, near the Brazilian and Colombian frontiers.

Several American explorers are planning extensive trips into the unpenetrated Andean regions of South America after the war.

700 ROADS ACCEPTED

Director General McAdoe has approved the form of contract to be entered into between the short line railroads and the railroad administration. This action cleared the way for more than 700 short lines to be taken under the protecting wing of the Government. Representatives of the short lines association had already agreed to the contract.

U.S. CIVIL SERVICE DOOM SEEN IN BILL

The Senate is putting through the appropriation bill adopted an amendment which is looked on in many quarters as hostile to the civil service system.

The effect of it is to make permanent the appointment of temporary employees of the Naturalization Bureau and Service and cover them into the civil service.

Several Democratic Senators supported the amendment. Senator Smoot opposed it, and said the civil service law might better be abolished than to pick out one bureau after another and shift the employees selected without examination into the civil service.

Senator Chamberlain declared if he had to depend for clerical assistance on the clerks certified to him by the Civil Service Commission he would resign his seat.

Senator Thomas said he feared it was the beginning of a concerted movement of clerks and employees who came here for the war period to make their tenure permanent.

"Mr. President, I am not particularly concerned about the Civil Service Commission. I share the view expressed by the Senator from Oregon in that I think in some respects it ought to be abolished; but I fear that this amendment is the beginning of what I am told is a concerted purpose upon the part of the new employees of the Government to make their tenures here permanent after the war.

"We have here at least 40 per cent of employees who, I repeat, are not needed at all. They are supernumeraries, even in this time of great activity; and if they make their tenure permanent, they will be a burden upon the work which some of them seem to be doing. I have understated rather than overstated the percentage. I have seen information from several sources that a movement began some time ago—an organized movement, having of course, political power behind it—by which the employees everywhere now in Government service, and who have been brought in owing to the exigencies of the war, are beginning to make their tenure permanent, but they began some time ago, and they are continuing—their activities for that purpose. "They are writing letters now," said Senator Smoot.

CRACK FOE AIRMEN NOW OPPOSE YANKS

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Oct. 26.—The crack German "flying circus" which was formerly commanded by Lieutenant Richthofen, the boche star ace, but now commanded by Lieutenant Uff, has been rushed to this front by the enemy in an effort to re-establish supremacy of the air here.

"The circus" was first recognized when, since August, planes with familiar bright bellies of Richthofen's outfit crossed the American lines near Grand Pre. An American aviator, on patrol duty, drove in close to the "crack" machine, shot it down and then dashed "home" with the news.

Thus far there have been no engagements between the crack enemy outfit and American aviators.

STAR TO VISIT TRENCHES

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—Mary Pickford announced today that she is going to act in only one more picture and then go to France, where she can be of more service to her country by cheering up the boys in the trenches than by acting for the folks at home.

She will make a tour of the front, and then return to the States to help the Red Cross.

WOMEN NOT ADMITTED.

The question of including one or more women in the membership of the War Labor Board has been referred to the National Industrial Conference Board and the American Federation of Labor, nominating its original members, it is announced.

The board took the position that it was a representative body without power to enlarge the membership.

FT. MORGAN TRAINING CAMP.

MOBILE, Ala., Oct. 26.—Fort Morgan, made famous during the civil war in the battle of Mobile Bay, is now a national army training camp. Two hundred Alabama aviators have arrived at the fort. Other contingents will follow, it is stated.

An Appeal From the Red Cross

I have—have you? What? Why, responded to the questionnaire of the Red Cross. The Surgeon General of the army has asked that the Red Cross make a survey of all the nurses in the country, every nurse, graduate, undergraduate, nurse-in-training, practical nurse, midwife, trained attendant, and every woman who has taken a course with the Red Cross.

The need for nurses is an imperative one; the demand must be met if the United States is going to carry this war to a victorious conclusion.

Have you an automobile? If you are not a nurse, have you wondered how you could be of service at this time to the Government? Count up the nurses whom you know or have heard of, make a list, go out in your automobile armed with a supply of questionnaires, which you can obtain from the local chapter of the Red Cross, and get every one of these nurses to sign.

Remember—every nurse of every kind; every Red Cross student everywhere.

That Guiltiest Feeling

WHEN YOU CAN'T RESIST THE TEMPTATION TO WALK UP THE BALL ON A MIDWINTER SNOW HOLE-- AND THE FOURSCORE AHEAD IS STILL ON THE GREEN. CONTRARY TO YOUR USUAL LUCK YOU LAND SQUARELY INTO THE MIDDLE OF THE GREEN WHILE THE 430ME IS PUTTING.



By Briggs

OO EE! HONESTLY I NEVER DROVE THAT FAR ON THIS HOLE BEFORE I DIDN'T HAVE THE SLIGHTEST IDEA I COULD DO IT OR I WOULD TA DINE IT - TOO BAD



PRESIDENT'S PLEA STIRS REPUBLICANS

The real Congressional campaign began today with Republicans everywhere planning "repeals" on President Wilson, because of his appeal to the country for a vote of confidence—return of the Democratic Congress.

From the timest campaign in years, it became the bitterest overnight. Declaring that President Wilson's appeal has removed all restraint from political discussion, Republicans set out to prove their contention that of the two parties, the Republican has shown a larger percentage of loyalty to the Administration's war program and policies.

In a formal statement, climaxing many hours of bitter argument, Republican members of Congress, Senators Lodge and Smoot and Congressmen Gillett and Fess, declared that the Republican percentage of Administration support on war measures was 72 per cent, compared with 67 per cent on the part of Democrats.

In this connection, the statement rapped Congressman Dent, Kitchin, and Clark. It declared the Republicans, if victorious, would replace Dent on the Military Committee with Kahn, to whom the Administration was obliged to turn for assistance in the first draft bill with Dent opposed; it attacked Kitchin for his remarks on conscription.

9 COUNTRIES ASK TRADE TREATIES

Nine Latin-American republics are ready to negotiate after-the-war trade treaties with the United States, it was learned here today at headquarters of the international high commission.

Negotiations with Uruguay are under way, the treaty having been signed by Secretary of State Lansing and Uruguayan Foreign Minister Brum and ratified by the United States Senate. It is announced that Brazil, Ecuador, Salvador, Nicaragua, Panama, Peru, the Dominican Republic, and Haiti have notified the State Department of their desire to take up the agreements.

Although the Republicans of the House are in the minority, they cast more actual votes on seven great war measures than the Democratic majority was able to do.

BATH IS WORTH \$16,500

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—Frances Nelson is just \$16,500 better off because of a Turkish bath. The film actress remembered to "weigh in" after the bath and was able to prove that she had not broken a theatrical contract.

She sued the Super Pictures Distributing Corporation for dismissing her. The company in their allegations claimed that she had broken her contract by weighing more than 110 pounds. She proved that she weighed 110 pounds at the Turkish bath, clothes and all, after her bath. A Supreme Court jury awarded her the full amount.

U. S. TAKES MACHINE PLANT.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 26.—Announcement has been made here that the plant of the Cape Fear Machine Company, located near the two Government shipyards, has been taken over by the Liberty Shipbuilding Company and its entire output of castings will be used in construction of the concrete tanks that are being built at the yards.

ESCAPED AVIATORS SAFE.

The State Department has been advised that two American aviators who escaped from a German prison camp have reached a neutral country. The aviators are: John O. Jangier, R. Alexander Anderson, and T. E. Dillman.

LODGE AND SMOOT HIT AT PRESIDENT

Senators Lodge and Smoot and Representatives Gillett and Fess, representing the leaders in both houses of Congress, and the chairmen of the Senatorial and Congressional Campaign Committees, held a conference yesterday regarding President Wilson's appeal for the election of a Democratic Congress, and then issued the following formal statement:

"Some time ago the President said 'politics adjourned.' Now, in the closing days of the campaign—delayed by the united efforts of all parties for the Liberty loan—now, when all public meetings have been given up owing to the influenza epidemic, the President sends out a direct party appeal calling upon his countrymen to vote for Democrats because they are Democrats without any reference to whether such Democrats have been or are in favor of war measures, and have a war record which deserves support.

"The voters of Michigan, to take a single example, are called upon to support Henry Ford—notorious for the advocacy of peace at any price, for his contemptuous opinions to the flag, for the exemption of his son from military service—on the sole ground that he will blindly support the President. The President is quite ready to admit that Republicans are loyal enough to fight and die, as they are doing by the thousands; loyal enough to take up great loans and pay enormous taxes; loyal enough to furnish important men at no salary on some of the great war boards in Washington. But they are not loyal enough to support the President, to be trusted with any share in the government of the country or legislation for it.

"If the Republican party controls the House we can point out some of the things they will do. They will replace Mr. Dent of Alabama, at the head of the Military Affairs Committee, with Julius Kahn, to whom the Administration was obliged to turn for assistance to carry the first draft bill against Mr. Dent's opposition.

"They will put a Republican at the head of the Ways and Means Committee as leader of the House, instead of the Republicans of North Carolina, who voted against the war. They will give the country a Speaker who did not oppose and would not oppose a draft bill, and would never say, as Speaker Clark did, that 'there is precious little difference between a conscript and a convict.'

"Although the Republicans of the House are in the minority, they cast more actual votes on seven great war measures than the Democratic majority was able to do.

WAGE AND PENSION BILLS FACE TIE-UP

Government clerks and employees who are anxious for the passage of the McKellar pension and retirement bill and the Nolan minimum wage bill are becoming alarmed over the parliamentary situation in Congress, especially in the Senate.

They fear that the opposition gradually is getting the parliamentary situation so shaped that it will be possible to prevent passage by the Senate of both these measures, not only in the present session but in the short session to follow.

The latest development is that the revenue bill will not even be reported by the finance committee until after election. This means that when the Senate reconvenes, following election, all the rest of November will be taken up with the revenue bill. It may not even pass the Senate until it is time for the short session to begin.

During the short session also there will be a tremendous rush of appropriation bills and war measures.

It is obvious that the McKellar bill cannot be passed before the next recess, which is scheduled to begin October 29. But just as soon as that is over and before taking up the revenue bill an effort will be made to come more to have the McKellar bill voted upon.

As for the Nolan bill, the first requisite is to get it referred in the committee on Education and Labor to a favorable subcommittee. This is the program on which its advocates are working.

Buy War Savings Stamps today and provide for your future.

T. R. CRITICISES PRESIDENT'S PLEA

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., Oct. 26.—Commenting on President Wilson's appeal to the people to return a Democratic Congress in the November election, Col. Theodore Roosevelt said:

"The President's statement is an announcement that he is a partisan leader first, and President of all the people second. It is, of course, the reputation of one of his former statements to the effect that politics was adjourned—a statement which, of course, he has already repudiated by his action.

"I have no further comment just at this moment, but I will deal with the matter in a speech after I have had time to read the documents which all good Americans will regard as the most lamentable appeal to politics ever made by a President during a great war, which has been heartily supported by all good citizens without regard to party, but which so far as there have been party differences at all has been more heartily supported by his political opponents than by his political friends."

URGES G. O. P. VICTORY

WILMINGTON, Del., Oct. 26.—Addressing 300 prominent Republicans at a luncheon given in his honor at the du Pont Hotel, Will H. Hays, Republican chairman, said:

"Let nothing remain undone which can honestly be performed to make Republican success certain. The country's war loss is great; let us hitch up both great political horses to pull it, and let us bring to the great problems of reconstruction the brain and heart of the Republican party."

PLEADS FOR DEMOCRATS

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Oct. 26.—Declaring that a change in the political complexion of Congress "would certainly be taken everywhere, by friends and foes alike, as a repudiation of the President," Judson Harmon, former governor of Ohio, in a speech here urged the election of a Democratic Senate and House.

PREACHER ARRESTED

GREENVILLE, S. C., Oct. 26.—Rev. J. M. Gonnell, a mill operative and itinerant preacher, has been arrested on a charge of making derogatory utterances and seeking to hinder the sale of Liberty bonds. In default of \$1,000 bond he was remanded to the county jail. He is alleged to have quoted scripture against Liberty bonds, saying they taught one to love one's enemies instead of fighting them and bonds made fighting possible.

Thrift Stamps bought for yourself or your children cultivate the right spirit.

GRIP VICTIMS

are people who get weak and run down You can gain fighting strength from

FATHER JOHN'S MEDICINE

NO ALCOHOL OR DANGEROUS DRUGS